1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SU Material Name Uses	:	TANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING Shell PC 0773 Engine oil.
Product Code	:	001B0729
Manufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell India Markets Private Limited 2nd Floor, Campus 4A RMZ Millenia Park 143 Dr. MGR Road, Perungudi CHENNAI 600096 India
Telephone Fax	:	(+91) 04443450000 (+91) 04443451516
Emergency Telephone Number	:	+91 22 6516 1058

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Preparation Description : Highly refined mineral oils and additives.

Hazardous Components

Chemical Identity	CAS	EINECS	Symbol(s)	R-phrase(s)	Conc.
Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate	68649-42-3	272-028-3	Xi, N	R38; R41; R51/53	1.00 - 2.40 %

Additional Information	:	The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-
		extract, according to IP346. Refer to chapter 16 for full text of
		EC R-phrases.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **EC Classification** : Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria. **Health Hazards** Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal 2 conditions. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation Signs and Symptoms : of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Not classified as flammable but will burn. **Safety Hazards** : **Environmental Hazards** Not classified as dangerous for the environment. :

4. FIRST AID MEASURES	
General Information	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Inhalation	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If
Skin Contact	 symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wate and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent
Eye Contact	irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent
Ingestion	irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities
Advice to Physician	are swallowed, however, get medical advice. : Treat symptomatically.
. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES Clear fire area of all non-em	
Specific Hazards	 Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable Extinguishing	 Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet.
Media	
Protective Equipment for Firefighters	 Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.
Firefighters ACCIDENTAL RELEASE ME Avoid contact with spilled or equipment see Chapter 8 of	must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.
Firefighters ACCIDENTAL RELEASE ME Avoid contact with spilled or equipment see Chapter 8 of	Must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. ASURES released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on
Firefighters ACCIDENTAL RELEASE ME Avoid contact with spilled or equipment see Chapter 8 of disposal. Observe the relevant	 must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. ASURES released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on ant local and international regulations. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containmer to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth o other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay,
Firefighters ACCIDENTAL RELEASE ME Avoid contact with spilled or equipment see Chapter 8 of disposal. Observe the releva Protective measures	 must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. ASURES released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on ant local and international regulations. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containmer to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth o other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an
Firefighters ACCIDENTAL RELEASE ME Avoid contact with spilled or equipment see Chapter 8 of disposal. Observe the releva Protective measures Clean Up Methods Additional Advice HANDLING AND STORAGE	 must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. ASURES released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on ant local and international regulations. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth o other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Firefighters Accident Release Me Avoid contact with spilled or equipment see Chapter 8 of disposal. Observe the releva Protective measures Clean Up Methods	 must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. ASURES released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on ant local and international regulations. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containmer to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth o other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

	appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Handling	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling
	vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment
	should be used.
Storage	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated
	place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Storage
	Temperature: 0 - 50 °C / 32 - 122 °F
Recommended Materials	: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high
	density polyethylene.
Unsuitable Materials	: PVC.
Additional Information	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high
	temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Oil mist, mineral	IN OEL	TWA [Mist.]		5 mg/m3	
	IN OEL	STEL [Mist.]		10 mg/m3	
	ACGIH	TWA [Inhalable fraction.]		5 mg/m3	
Exposure Contro Personal Protect Equipment		depending upor based on a risk Appropriate me airborne concer mist formed, the concentrations to Personal protect	n potential ex assessment asures inclue ntrations. Where is greater to be genera tive equipme	cposure condition of local circums de: Adequate ver here material is h r potential for airl ted. ent (PPE) should	ntilation to control eated, sprayed or porne
Respiratory P	rotection :	conditions of us practices, preca material. If engine concentrations to health, select re specific condition Check with resp air-filtering resp combination of the	e. In accorda utions shoul neering cont to a level wh spiratory pro- ns of use an iratory prote irators are su mask and filt sulate/organi	d be taken to aver rols do not maint ich is adequate to bection equipme ad meeting releva active equipment uitable, select an er. Select a filter	ndustrial hygiene bid breathing of ain airborne o protect worker nt suitable for the ant legislation. suppliers. Where appropriate

Occupational Exposure Limits

Hand Protection	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
Eye Protection	: Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.
Protective Clothing	: Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue work clothes.
Monitoring Methods	: Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.
Environmental Exposure Controls	: Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL F	ROPERTIES
Appearance	: Amber. Liquid at room temperature.
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon.
pH	: Not applicable.
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	: > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Pour point	: Typical -33 °C / -27 °F
Flash point	: Typical 200 °C / 392 °F (COC)
Upper / lower Flammability or Explosion limits	: Typical 1 - 10 %(V) (based on mineral oil)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s))
Density	: Typical 870 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F
Water solubility	: Negligible.
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
n-octanol/water partition coefficient (log Pow)	: > 6 (based on information on similar products)
Dynamic viscosity	: Data not available
Kinematic viscosity	: Typical 11 mm2/s at 100 °C / 212 °F
Vapour density (air=1)	: > 1 (estimated value(s))
Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)	: Data not available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	/
Stability	: Stable.
Conditions to Avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Materials to Avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
Decomposition Products	during normal storage.

Basis for Assessment		Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.
Acute Oral Toxicity		Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat
Acute Dermal Toxicity		Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit
Acute Inhalation Toxicity		Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal
		conditions of use.
Skin Irritation		Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin
		contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin
		resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.
Eye Irritation		Expected to be slightly irritating.
Respiratory Irritation		Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.
Sensitisation		Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.
Repeated Dose Toxicity		Not expected to be a hazard.
Mutagenicity		Not considered a mutagenic hazard.
Carcinogenicity		Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-
0 7		carcinogenic in animal skin-painting studies. Highly refined
		mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the
		International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Other
		components are not known to be associated with carcinogenic
		effects.
Reproductive and	: 1	Not expected to be a hazard.
Developmental Toxicity		
Additional Information		Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have
		accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities
		will depend on use and they may present risks to health and
		the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled
		with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.
	(Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity	:	Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) (LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.
Microorganisms	:	Data not available
Mobility	:	Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.
Persistence/degradability	:	Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.
Bioaccumulation	:	Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Other Adverse Effects	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not

expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Material Disposal :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
Container Disposal	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
Local Legislation	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated

This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

EC Classification EC Symbols EC Risk Phrases EC Safety Phrases	: :	Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria. No Hazard Symbol required Not classified. Not classified.
Chemical Inventory Status		
EINECS	÷	All components
		listed or polymer
		exempt.
TSCA	:	All components
		listed.
Other Information	:	The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.
		6/7

16. OTHER INFORMATION

R-phrase(s)

R38 R41 R51/53	Not classified. Irritating to skin. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.			
MSDS Version	Number	:	1.2	
MSDS Effective	e Date	:	30.09.2011	
MSDS Revision	าร	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.	
MSDS Distribu	tion	:	The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product.	
Disclaimer		:	This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.	