1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SU Material Name Uses	:	TANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING Shell Antifreeze/Coolant Concentrate Antifreeze and coolant.
Product Code	:	001C4846
Manufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell India Markets Private Limited 2nd Floor, Campus 4A RMZ Millenia Park 143 Dr. MGR Road, Perungudi CHENNAI 600096 India
Telephone Fax	:	(+91) 04443450000 (+91) 04443451516
Emergency Telephone Number	:	+91 22 6516 1058

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Preparation Description : Mixture of monoethylene glycol and inhibitor package.

Chemical dentity	CAS	EINECS	Symbol(s)	R-phrase(s)	Conc.
Ethanediol	107-21-1	203-473-3	Xn	R22	90.00 - 98.00 %
2,2'-oxydiethanol	111-46-6	203-872-2	Xn	R22	1.00 - 5.00 %

Additional Information : Refer to chapter 16 for full text of EC R-phrases.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EC Classification	:	Harmful.
Health Hazards	:	Slightly irritating to respiratory system. May cause moderate irritation to skin. Moderately irritating to eyes. Harmful if swallowed. May cause acidosis, cardiopulmonary and kidney effects. Ingestion may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Possibility of organ or organ system damage from prolonged exposure; see Chapter 11 for details. Target organ(s): Kidney. Lungs Cardiovascular system. Intentional abuse, misuse or other massive exposure may cause multiple organ damage and or death.
Signs and Symptoms	:	Kidney toxicity may be recognized by blood in the urine or increased or decreased urine flow. Other signs and symptoms can include nausea, vomiting, abdominal cramps, diarrhoea,

Safety Hazards Environmental Hazards		lumbar pain shortly after ingestion, and possibly narcosis and death. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued exposure may result in unconsciousness and/or death. No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Not classified as dangerous for the environment.
4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
General Information	:	DO NOT DELAY. Keep victim calm. Obtain medical treatment immediately.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
Skin Contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
Eye Contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	:	DO NOT DELAY. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.
Advice to Physician	:	IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT! The preferred treatment is immediate transportation to a medical facility and use of appropriate treatment including possible administration of activated charcoal, gastric lavage and or gastric aspiration. If none of the above are immediately available and a delay of more than one hour is anticipated before such medical attention can be obtained, induction of vomiting may be appropriate using IPECAC syrup (Contraindicated if there are any signs of CNS depression). This should be considered on a case by case basis following specialist advice. Specific other treatments include may include ethanol therapy, fomepizole, treatment of acidosis and haemodialysis. Seek specialist advice without delay.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Specific Hazards	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet.
Protective Equipment for Firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective

equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

Protective measures Clean Up Methods	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.
		to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.
Additional Advice	:	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.
Storage	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Storage Temperature: 0 - 50 °C / 32 - 122 °F
Recommended Materials	:	For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.
Unsuitable Materials Additional Information	:	Zinc. Avoid contact with galvanized materials. Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

Occupational Exposure Limits

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Ethanediol	ACGIH	Ceiling		100 mg/m3	

	[Aerosol.]		
Biological Exposure Index Data not available	(BEI) - See reference	for full details	
Material Ethanediol	Source ACGIH	Hazard Desi Not classifiat carcinogen.	gnation ble as a human
Exposure Controls Personal Protective Equipment	depending upon p based on a risk a Appropriate meas airborne concentr mist formed, then concentrations to Personal protection	ection and types of controls potential exposure conditio ssessment of local circums sures include: Adequate ve rations. Where material is h e is greater potential for air be generated. ve equipment (PPE) should ational standards. Check wi	ns. Select controls stances. entilation to control neated, sprayed or borne d meet
Respiratory Protection	conditions of use practices, precau material. If engine concentrations to health, select res specific condition Check with respir air-filtering respira combination of m	otection is ordinarily require . In accordance with good in tions should be taken to av- eering controls do not main a level which is adequate piratory protection equipment s of use and meeting relever ratory protective equipment ators are suitable, select ar ask and filter. Select a filte late/organic gases and vap	industrial hygiene void breathing of ntain airborne to protect worker ent suitable for the rant legislation. t suppliers. Where n appropriate r suitable for
Hand Protection	: Where hand cont gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemical gloves. Suitability usage, e.g. freque resistance of glov seek advice from be replaced. Pers hand care. Glove using gloves, har	act with the product may o to relevant standards (e.g. from the following material protection: PVC, neoprene and durability of a glove is ency and duration of conta ve material, glove thickness glove suppliers. Contamin sonal hygiene is a key elem is must only be worn on cle nds should be washed and ion-perfumed moisturizer is	Europe: EN374, s may provide e or nitrile rubber s dependent on ct, chemical s, dexterity. Always ated gloves should nent of effective ean hands. After dried thoroughly.
Eye Protection		ses or full face shield if spla	
Protective Clothing		ot ordinarily required beyor	nd standard issue
Monitoring Methods	: Monitoring of the zone of workers of confirm complian	concentration of substance or in the general workplace ce with an OEL and adequ ne substances biological mo	may be required to acy of exposure

	Environmental Exposure Controls	 be appropriate. Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.
9.	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL F	PROPERTIES
	Appearance	: Colourless. Liquid at room temperature.
	Odour	: Characteristic.
	рН	: Not applicable.
	Initial Boiling Point and	: Typical 170 °C / 338 °F estimated value(s)
	Boiling Range	
	Freezing Point	: Typical -38 °C / -36 °F (50% solution in water at atmospheric pressure)
	Floch point	
	Flash point	 Typical > 122 °C / > 252 °F (COC) Data not available
	Upper / lower Flammability or Explosion limits	
	Auto-ignition temperature	: > 200 °C / 392 °F
	Vapour pressure	: Data not available
	Density	: Typical 1,120 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F
	Water solubility	: Completely Soluble
	Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
	n-octanol/water partition	: Data not available
	coefficient (log Pow)	. Data not available
	Dynamic viscosity	: Data not available
	Vapour density (air=1)	: Data not available
	Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)	: Data not available
10.	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
	Stability	: Stable.
	Conditions to Avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
	Materials to Avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.
	Hazardous	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
	Decomposition Products	during normal storage.
11.	. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMA	
	Basis for Assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.
	Acute Dermal Toxicity	: Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 >2000 mg/kg , Rabbit
	Skin Irritation	: Expected to be slightly irritating.
	Eye Irritation	: Expected to be slightly irritating.
	Respiratory Irritation	: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.
	Sensitisation	: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.
	Repeated Dose Toxicity	: Kidney: can cause kidney damage.
	Mutagenicity	: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.
	Carcinogenicity	: Components are not known to be associated with carcinogenic
	5 9	effects.
	Reproductive and	: Causes foetotoxicity in animals; considered to be secondary to
	Developmental Toxicity	maternal toxicity.
		,

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity Microorganisms Mobility Persistence/degradability Bioaccumulation Other Adverse Effects	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Expected to be practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) Data not available Dissolves in water. If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater. Readily biodegradable. Not expected to bioaccumulate significantly. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION	DNS	
Material Disposal	:	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
Container Disposal	:	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
Local Legislation	:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated

This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

EC Classification EC Symbols EC Risk Phrases EC Safety Phrases	:	Harmful. Xn Harmful. R22 Harmful if swallowed. S2 Keep out of the reach of children. S13 Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. S46 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show		
Chemical Inventory Status		this container or label.		
EINECS	:	Not established.		

TSCA Classification triggering components	:	All components listed. Contains ethanediol. Contains bittering agent.
Other Information	:	The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

R-phrase(s)

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

MSDS Version Number	:	1.1
MSDS Effective Date	:	30.09.2011
MSDS Revisions	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
MSDS Distribution	:	The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product.
Disclaimer	:	This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.